

FEATURES

- Silicone pressure/force interface diaphragm
- Force measurement for infusion pump applications
- Pressure measurement for liquid media
- Medical grade materials
- 8-Pin DIP electrical connection
- Laser trimmed
- Choice of voltage or constant current excitation
- One-year warranty

APPLICATIONS

- Infusion pumps
- Anesthesia monitors
- Noncorrosive, nonpressurized media level sensors
- Ventilation systems
- Blood pressure equipment
- Syringe pumps
- Drug delivery systems

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 1865 is a high-performance transducer specifically designed to address the needs of medical and specialized OEM applications. Offering laser-trimmed compensation, the 1865 may be specified to operate with either a constant current or voltage supply.

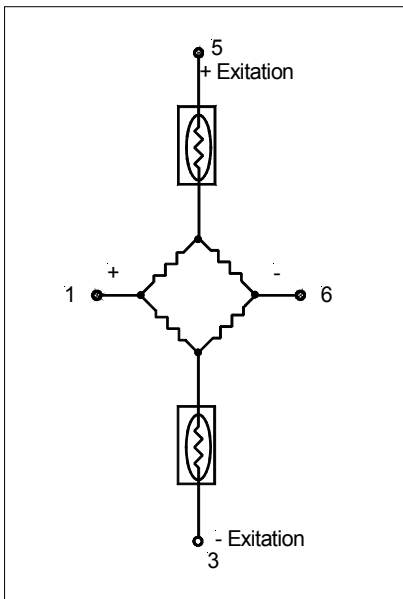
The 1865 employs a solid state piezoresistive pressure transducer mounted in a plastic package.

For applications where force is applied by a flexible membrane to the sensor, such as found in infusion pumps, the 1865's precision height silicone diaphragm provides long life

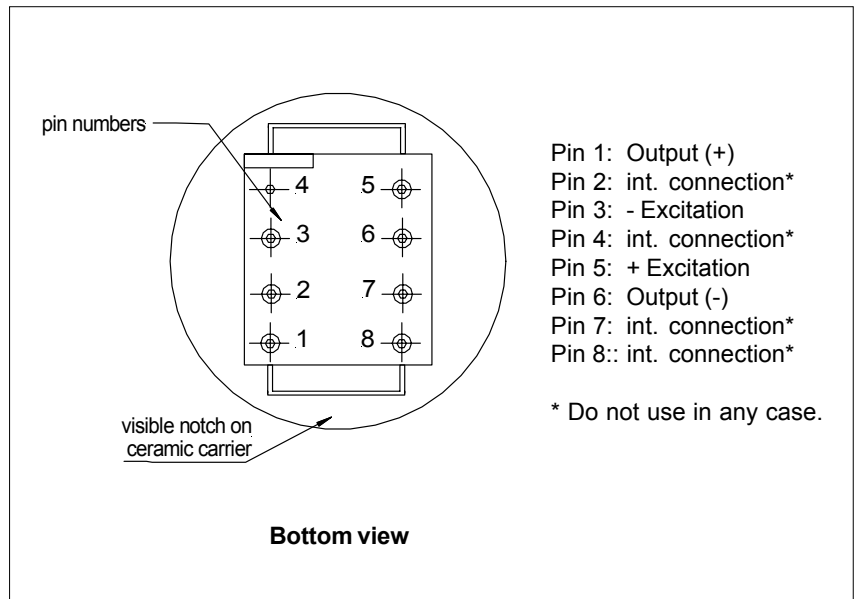


and is a reliable replacement for older force or load cell transducers. Utilizing a silicone rubber diaphragm, the 1865 is compatible with some liquid media applications.

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



ELECTRICAL CONNECTION



PRESSURE SENSOR CHARACTERISTICS¹

Maximum ratings (for all devices)

Input excitation:
 Current excitation: 2 mA
 Voltage excitation: 15 V
 Isolation resistance (50 V_{DC}): min. 100 MΩ
 Proof pressure: 3x rated pressure or 60 psi, what ever is less
 Vibration (20 to 2000 Hz): 10 g (RMS)
 Shock (11 msec): 100 g
 Life: 1 million cycles min.

Environmental specifications (for all devices)

Temperature range
 Compensated -1 to 54°C
 Operating -28°C to 54°C
 Storage -40°C to +85°C
 Humidity limits 0 to 98 %RH

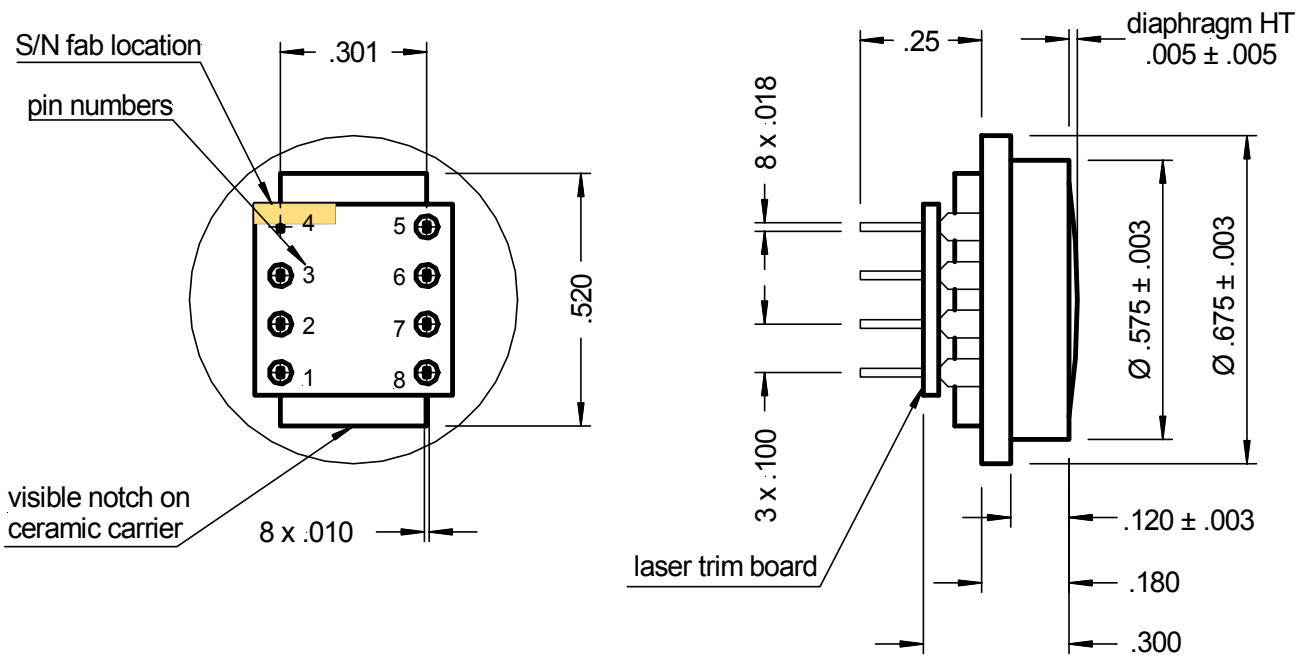
COMMON PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS¹

Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Zero pressure offset	-2	0	+2	mV
Full-scale span ²	98	100	102	
	38	40	42	%FSO
Non-linearity (BSL)	---	±0.1	±0.25	
Hysteresis ³	---	0.0125	0.015	
Temperature effect on offset and span (0-54°C) ⁴	---	±0.2	±0.5	
Repeatability	---	±0.0125		kΩ
Input impedance ⁶	2.0	4.0	8.0	
	8.0	15.0	40.0	
Output impedance ⁷	3.5	4.0	6.0	
	3.5	4.0	6.0	V _{DC}
Common-mode voltage ⁸	---	5.0	---	
Response time ⁹	---	---	5	msec
Long term stability of offset and span ¹⁰	---	±0.1	±0.3	%FSO per 6 month

Specification notes:

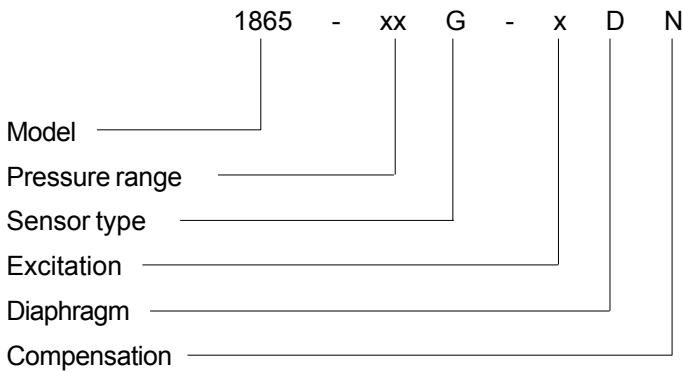
- Reference conditions: unless otherwise noted: Excitation current 1.5 mA (current versions) or excitation voltage 10 V (voltage versions) t_{amb} = 27°C, humidity 50 %RH
- Span is the algebraic difference between the output voltage at full-scale pressure and the output at zero pressure. Span is ratiometric to the supply voltage.
- See Definition of Terms. Hysteresis - the maximum output difference at any point within the operating pressure range for increasing and decreasing pressure.
- Maximum error band of the offset voltage and the error band of the span, relative to the 27°C reading.
- Maximum difference in output at any pressure with the operating pressure range and temperature within 0°C to +54°C after:
 - 1,000 temperature cycles, 0°C to +70°C
 - 1.5 million pressure cycles, 0 psi to full-scale span
- Input impedance is the impedance between pins 5 and 3.
- Output impedance is the impedance between pins 1 and 6.
- This is the common-mode voltage of the output arms (pins 3 and 5) of a constant voltage driven sensor for V_s = 10 V_{DC}.
- Response time for a 0 psi to full-scale span pressure step change, 10 % to 90 % rise time.
- Long term stability over a one year period.

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



dimensions in inches

ORDERING INFORMATION



PRESSURE RANGE

- 01 = 0 to 5 PSI
- 02 = 0 to 10 PSI
- 03 = 0 to 15 PSI
- 05 = 0 to 25 PSI
- 07 = 0 to 30 PSI

SENSOR TYPE

G = Gage pressure

EXCITATION

- L = 1.5 mA
- K = 10 V_{DC}

DIAPHRAGM TYP

D = Dimethyl silicone

COMPENSATION

N = Laser trimmed, normalized output

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